Statement of the
St. John’s Program
2017–2018

Annapolis, Maryland
800-727-9238

Santa Fe, New Mexico
800-331-5232

www.sjc.edu

Founded as King William’s School, 1696; chartered as St. John’s College, 1784; the Annapolis campus is accredited by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools (3624 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19104; 215-662-5606; www.msche.org); the Santa Fe campus is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission (HLC; 230 South LaSalle St., Suite 7-500, Chicago, IL 60604; 312-621-7440; www.hlcommission.org). The college is co-educational and has no religious affiliation. St. John’s admits qualified students of any race, religion, or national or ethnic origin, without regard to sex, age, disability, or sexual orientation. Academic facilities and most residence halls are accessible to persons with physical disabilities. The college reserves the right to modify the programs and policies herein stated without notice.
Annapolis College Calendar 2017-2018

### 2017-2018

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<td>August 2</td>
<td>Graduate Institute Summer Session Ends</td>
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<td>Graduate Summer Commencement</td>
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## Santa Fe College Calendar 2017-2018

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### Summer 2018

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St. John’s College is a community dedicated to liberal education. Liberally educated persons, the college believes, acquire a lifelong commitment to the pursuit of fundamental knowledge and to the search for unifying ideas. They are intelligently and critically appreciative of their common heritage and conscious of their social and moral obligations. They are well equipped to master the specific skills of any calling, and they possess the means and the will to become free and responsible citizens.

St. John’s College is persuaded that a genuine liberal education requires the study of great books — texts of words, symbols, notes, and pictures — because they are both timeless and timely. These books are the most important teachers. They illuminate the persisting questions of human existence and they bear directly on the problems we face today. They express most originally, and often most perfectly, the ideas by which contemporary life is knowingly or unknowingly governed. Their authors can speak to us almost as freshly as when they spoke for the first time, for what they have to tell us is not of merely academic concern, nor is it remote from our true interests. They change our minds, move our hearts, and touch our spirits.

The books speak to us in more than one way. In raising the persisting human questions, they lend themselves to different interpretations that reveal a variety of independent and yet complementary meanings. And while seeking the truth, they please us as works of art with a clarity and a beauty that reflect their intrinsic intelligibility. They are, therefore, properly called great, whether they are epic poems or political treatises, and whether their subject matter is scientific, historical, or philosophical. They are also linked together, for
each of them is introduced, supported, or criticized by the others. In that sense they converse with each other, and they draw the readers to take part, within the limits of their abilities, in a large and continuing conversation.

This conversation, however, is unavoidably one sided. The books can only repeat what they have to say, without furnishing the clarifications that we desire. To overcome this limitation is the goal of the St. John’s seminar. Here a number of students of varied backgrounds, faced with a text that may present unfamiliar thoughts, attempt to discuss it reasonably. It is presupposed that the students are willing to submit their opinions to one another’s questions. The demands of the individual and those of the group are in continuous interplay, setting limits within which the discussion moves with the utmost possible freedom. The discussion may concern itself primarily with trying to establish the meaning of a poem or the validity of an argument. It may concern itself with more general or with very contemporary questions that thrust themselves forward. The students bring to the seminar the assumptions they have derived from their experience in the contemporary world. Through discussion they acquire a new perspective, which enables them to recognize both the sameness of a recurrent problem and the variety of its historical manifestations.

Principally, however, the aim is to ascertain not how things were, but how things are — to help students gain understanding and make reasonable decisions in whatever circumstances they face. And it is the ultimate aim of the Program that the habits of thought and discussion thus begun by the students should continue with them throughout their lives.

Most of the teaching at St. John’s takes the form of a discussion. The conversational methods of the seminar are carried over into the tutorials. As much as possible, the actual instruction in all classes and laboratories is made to depend on the activity and initiative of the students. The tutors function as guides, more intent on listening to the students and working with them than imposing upon them their own understandings.

St. John’s seeks to restore the true meaning of liberal education. The primary function of the liberal arts has always been to bring about an awareness of the forms that are embodied in combinations of words and in numbers so that they become means of understanding. Traditionally, the liberal arts were seven in number: grammar, rhetoric, logic — the arts of language; and arithmetic, geometry, music, and astronomy — the arts of mathematics. In more contemporary terms, the liberal arts bring to light what is involved in the use of words and numbers in all kinds of discursive thought, in analyzing, speaking, and writing, and also in measuring, deducing, and demonstrating.

There are many ways to develop these arts. The curriculum emphasizes six of them: discussion, translation, writing, experimentation, mathematical demonstration, and musical analysis. They all serve the same end: to invite the students to think freely and critically for themselves. By these means, students will be able to envisage actual situations, to deliberate by articulating clear alternatives with the hope of arriving at a proper choice. The acquisition of these intellectual skills will serve the students who have learned them throughout their lives.

Knowledge advances and the fundamental outlook of humanity may change over the centuries, but these arts of understanding remain in one form or another indispensable. They enable men and women to know the world around them and to know themselves in this world, and to use that knowledge with wisdom. Under their guidance, men and women can free themselves from the constraint of prejudice and the narrowness of beaten paths. Under their discipline, men and women can acquire the habit of listening to reason. A genuinely conceived liberal arts curriculum cannot avoid aiming at these most far-reaching of all human goals.

The aim of the education offered by St. John’s College is the liberation of the human intellect. This is an education for all, regardless of a person’s race, ethnicity, sex, religious beliefs, country of origin, economic background, age, disability or sexual orientation. By reading great books and struggling together with the fundamental questions that they raise, students and their teachers learn from their differences and discover more deeply their shared humanity. In this and other ways, a diversity of background and experience enriches our community of learning. Because it offers an education for all, St. John’s College has sought and continues to seek to make its program of study known and available to people of diverse backgrounds.
The Seminar
The heart of the curriculum is the seminar—a discussion of assigned readings from the books of the program. In each seminar 17 to 21 students work with two members of the faculty who serve as leaders. The group meets twice a week, on Monday and Thursday evenings, for two hours—sometimes longer if the topic under discussion has aroused a sustained and lively conversation. The assignment for each seminar amounts, on the average, to around 80 pages of reading, but may be much shorter if the text happens to be particularly difficult.

The seminar begins with a question asked by one of the leaders. Thereafter the seminar consists mostly of student discussion. Students talk with one another, not just to the leaders. They do not raise their hands for permission to be heard, but enter the discussion or withdraw from it at will. The resulting informality is tempered by the use of formal modes of address.

Once under way, the seminar may take many forms. It may range from the most particular to the most general. The reading of Thucydides, for example, is almost certain to elicit a discussion of war and aggression and to bring to the surface the students’ opinions and fears about the wisdom or error of national policies. Homer and Dante prompt reflections on human virtues and vices and on humanity’s ultimate fate. Sometimes a seminar will devote all its time to an interpretation of the assigned reading, staying close to the text; at other times the talk may range widely over topics suggested by the reading, but bear only indirectly on the text itself in the minds of the participants.

In the Coffee Shop after seminar, students from different groups compare the points made in their discussions.

Except for the requirements of common courtesy, there are only two rules: first, all opinions must be heard and explored, however sharply they may clash; second, every opinion must be supported by argument—an unsupported opinion does not count. In a freshman seminar the students may tend to express their opinions with little regard for their relevance to the question or their relation to the opinions of others. Gradually, in their interplay with one another, the students learn to proceed with care, keeping to the topic and trying to uncover the meanings of the terms they use. They learn that to some extent the procedure of the seminar varies with the kind of reading under study; poetry is not philosophy, and it can require a different approach. Such progress in learning together may be crowned by sudden insights on the part of a few of the seminar members, or by occasions when the seminar as a whole achieves illumination.

The course of the discussion cannot be fixed in advance; it is determined rather by the necessity of “following the argument,” of facing the crucial issues, or of seeking foundations upon which a train of reasoning can be pursued. The argument does not necessarily lead to the answer to a question. More often than not the question remains open but with certain alternatives clearly outlined. The progress of the seminar is not particularly smooth; the discussion may sometimes branch off and entangle itself in irrelevant difficulties. Only gradually can the logical rigor of an argument emerge within the sequence of analogies and other imaginative devices by which the discussion is kept alive. A seminar may also degenerate into rather empty talk, without being able for some time to extricate itself from such a course. At its best, the seminar may reach insights far beyond the initial views held by any of its members.

Under these circumstances, the primary role of the leaders is not to give information, nor is it to produce the “right” opinion or interpretation. It is
to guide the discussion, to keep it moving, to raise objections and to help the students in every way possible to understand the author, the issues, and themselves. The most useful instrument for this purpose is the question; perhaps the most useful device of all is the question “Why?” But the leaders may also take a definite and positive stand and enter directly into the argument. If they do so, however, they can expect no special consideration. Reason is the only recognized authority. Consequently, all opinions must be defended with reason, and any single opinion can prevail only by general consent. The aim is always to develop the students’ powers of reason and understanding and to help them arrive at intelligent opinions of their own.

Every freshman, sophomore, and junior submits an essay on some theme suggested by the seminar readings. In Santa Fe, an essay is submitted each semester; in Annapolis, each year. The essay is not a research paper with extensive footnotes and a bibliography, but rather an attempt on the part of the students to set out in writing, as clearly as they can, their own thoughts on some aspect of the liberal arts. The essay in the second semester becomes the center of their final oral examinations. For sophomores the annual essay holds a position of special importance: it becomes a major part of the process called enabling (see page 28).

THE PRECEPTORIAL

For seven to eight weeks at the end of the first semester, seminars of the junior and senior classes are replaced by preceptorials. These are small groups of students engaged in the study of one book, or in exploration of one subject through several books. Students are usually given a choice of 25 to 30 preceptorials on books or subjects of particular interest to the tutors who offer them. Students may suggest a topic and invite a tutor to study it with them.

Although many preceptorials study one of the books of the seminar list, or a theme suggested by the Program, some preceptorials may deal with books and themes the students would not otherwise encounter. There are generally not more than 10 students in a preceptorial. Guided by a tutor, they proceed at a pace more leisurely than that permitted by the seminar. Usually, the students’ work is completed by some form of written work, either a formal paper or a presentation to the class.

Listed below are some of the preceptorial subjects offered on the two campuses in recent years.

Heidegger: Being and Time
Design and Expression in the Visual Arts
Joyce: Ulysses
Saussure: Course in General Linguistics
Readings in Lao Tsu and Confucius
Aristotle: Metaphysics
Darwin: Natural Selection
Plato: Republic
Marquez: One Hundred Years of Solitude
Galileo: Dialogues on the Two Chief World Systems
Shakespeare: Selected Plays
Metaphysical Poets
Bosch and Bruegel
Kant: Critique of Judgment
Hobbes: Leviathan
Augustine: City of God
Austen: Selected Novels
Faraday: Experimental Researches in Electricity and Magnetism
Ethical Problems in Medicine
Thucydides: The Peloponnesian War
THE TUTORIALS

The seminar cannot suffice as the only setting for liberal education. By its very nature, the seminar does not give the student an opportunity to cultivate the habits of methodical and careful study and of persistently precise discussion and writing. Other learning experiences must therefore support it; these are the tutorials in language, mathematics, and music. For each of four years, a student attends one language and one mathematics tutorial three times a week. Sophomores also attend a music tutorial.

In the tutorials, seated around a table, 13 to 16 students study and learn together under the direct guidance and instruction of a tutor. The tutorial provides conditions for a small group to work together toward a careful analysis, often through translation or demonstration, of an important work. As in the seminar, students talk freely with one another and with the tutor, but the discussion focuses sharply on assigned tasks. There are opportunities for all students to contribute their measure of instruction and insight to one another. Other tutors occasionally attend, seeking to learn about a particular subject that they may later teach.

Writing is assigned regularly in all classes: mathematics, music, and laboratory sections, as well as in language tutorials. The students are thus called upon continually to articulate and organize their thinking in both the written and spoken forms.

The Language Tutorial

Specialization in higher education has led to a profound neglect of language skills. As country is separated from country by the barrier of language, so profession is separated from profession by technical jargon. Primarily, the language tutorial attempts to remedy this condition by training in the means of precise communication. In a broad sense, it may be thought of as a present-day restoration of the traditional studies of grammar, rhetoric, and logic. The tutorial seeks to foster an intelligent and active grasp of the relations between language on the one hand and thought and imagination on the other. To do this, it must direct attention to fundamental ways in which words can be put together; to the modes of signifying things; to the varied connotations and ambiguities of terms; to the role of metaphors, analogies, and images; and to the logical relations that connect propositions.

The study of foreign languages (Greek in the first and second years; French in the third and fourth years) provides an effective means to these ends. By studying these languages, by translating from them into English, and by comparing them with each other and with English, the students learn something of the nature of languages in general and of their own in particular. During the four years, then, they study language as the discourse of reason, as the articulation of experience, and as the medium of the art of poetry; and both directly and indirectly, through the intermediary of foreign tongues, they study their own language. They discover the resources of articulate speech and learn the rules that must govern it if it is to be clear, consistent, and effective — if it is to be adequate and persuasive.

In the beginning, the emphasis is on the forms of words, the grammatical constructions, and the vocabulary of each language being studied. Thus the rapid reading for the seminar, with its attention to the large outlines and to the general trend and development of the central idea, is supplemented and corrected by a more precise and analytical study, one that is concerned with particular details and shades of meaning and with the abstract logical structure and rhetorical pattern of a given work. Those are matters that do not come directly into seminar discussions. The students’ concern with them in the language tutorial improves all their reading, for whatever immediate end, deepens and enriches their understanding, and increases their ability to think clearly and to speak well.

A secondary purpose of the language tutorial is support of the seminar. Some of the works read for seminar are also studied in the tutorial, free from the veil of ready-made translation. Issues are brought to the fore that might otherwise have been neglected, and they can be discussed with greater precision than the seminar usually permits. This habit of precision, in its turn, can then become more common in seminar.

The language tutorial cannot and should not aim at mastery of the foreign language, but the students can reasonably expect to obtain a knowledge of grammatical forms and a grasp of the peculiar qualities of the languages that they study. To experience the individuality of another language is to extend the boundaries of one’s sensibility.
The choice of foreign languages is in part dictated by the seminar reading schedule and is in part arbitrary. Latin and German might be used without changing the pattern and aims of the tutorial. The first year of Greek, however, goes well with the freshman seminar and mathematics tutorial, and the continuance of Greek into the second year advances the work of the first. The second year ends with analysis and discussion of works by Shakespeare, Donne, and other English poets.

The French of the third year begins with a brief, intensive study of French grammar followed by the reading of a French text. The aim here is economical progress toward facility in the reading of simple French. Then follows examination of the form and content of French prose selections. Discussions of both form and content are related to appropriate writing assignments, including exercises in translation in which the students attempt to match in their own tongue the excellence of their models. In the second semester a play is read — usually Racine’s Phèdre.

The principal activity of the fourth year is the reading of French prose and poetry, including a number of poems from Baudelaire’s Les Fleurs du Mal. Its immediate object is the understanding and enjoyment of each poem in its parts and as a whole. It also provides a substantial basis for discussion of the art of poetry and clarification of the relation of that art to the traditional liberal arts of language. Writing assignments include exercises in translation more ambitious than those attempted in the third year. The year ends with analysis and discussion of modern British and American poets, such as T. S. Eliot, Robert Frost, W. B. Yeats, and Wallace Stevens.

The Mathematics Tutorial

Mathematics is a vital part of education; that this is true or ought to be is suggested by the word itself, for it is derived from a Greek word meaning "to learn." It is regrettable, then, that students should come to dislike mathematics or to think of themselves as unmathematical. It is equally regrettable that competent mathematicians are often unaware of the philosophical assumptions upon which mathematical equations and formulas are based. Mathematics at St. John’s is studied as a liberal art, not artificially separated from what have come to be called the humanities. When mathematics is taught at an unhurried pace, in an atmosphere of reflective inquiry, and from treatises chosen not only for their matter but also for their elegance and imagination, as it is at St. John’s, mathematics becomes not only the most readily learnable liberal art but also one that provides ready access to others and significant analogies with them.

There are two main reasons for studying mathematics. First, it pervades our modern world, perhaps even defines it. Therefore anyone who means to criticize or reform, to resist or cooperate with this world, not only must have some familiarity
with the mathematical methods by which it is managed, but also must have thought about the assumptions that underlie their application. It is the task of the mathematics tutorial and the laboratory together to help students to think about what it means to count and measure things in the universe.

The second main reason for studying mathematics concerns the mathematics tutorial more specifically. Since mathematics has, as its name implies, a particularly close connection with the human capacity for learning, its study is especially useful in helping students to think about what it means to come to know something.

To prepare themselves for such reflection, students study artfully composed mathematical treatises, demonstrate propositions at the blackboard, and solve problems. By doing this over four years, they learn a good deal of mathematics and they gain noticeably in rigor of thought, nimbleness of imagination, and elegance of expression. But while they are practicing the art of mathematics in all its rigor, they are continually encouraged to reflect on their own activity. Scores of questions, of which the following are examples, are raised during the four years:

Why and how do mathematical proofs carry such conviction? What is a mathematical system and what are its proper beginnings and ends? What is the relation of logic to mathematics? What do “better” and “worse,” “ugly” and “beautiful” signify in mathematics? Do mathematical symbols constitute a language? Are there “mathematical objects”? How might the discoverer of a particular theorem have come to see it?

By means of such questions, which grow out of the daily work and which excite the intellect and the imagination at the same time, a discussion is initiated in the mathematics tutorial that is easily and often carried over into the larger sphere of the seminar.

The students begin with the Elements of Euclid. Using Euclid’s organization of the mathematical discoveries of his predecessors, the students gain a notion of deductive science and of a mathematical system in general; they become acquainted with one view of mathematical objects — its central expression found in the theory of ratios — which is buried under the foundations of modern mathematics. After Euclid, they begin the study of Ptolemy’s Almagest, centering their attention on the problem of “hypotheses” constructed to “save the appearances” in the heavens. That the tutorial reads Ptolemy indicates the difference between the mathematics tutorial at St. John’s and the ordinary course in mathematics. Ptolemy presents a mathematical theory of the heavenly motions, but he gives more than that: his work is both an example of mathematics applied to phenomena and a companion to the philosophical, poetic, and religious readings that are taken up in the first and second years.

In the second year, the students continue the study of Ptolemy, with emphasis upon those difficulties and complexities of the geocentric system that are brilliantly transformed by the Copernican revolution. They study Copernicus’ transformation of the Ptolemaic theory into heliocentric form. They next take up the Conics of Apollonius to learn a synthetic presentation of the very objects whose analytical treatment by Descartes marks the beginning of modern mathematics. After this they study analytic geometry, which presents the conic sections in algebraic form. They thus gain an understanding of algebra as the “analytic art” in general.
In the third year, students study calculus analytically in its modern form, originally in Leibniz’s work, and geometrically as Newton presented it in his *Principia Mathematica*. In the second semester, students take up Newton’s treatment of astronomy in the *Principia*, in which he brings heavenly and earthly motions under one law and replaces a purely geometric astronomy with a “dynamic” theory in which orbits are determined by laws of force. The year concludes with an examination of Dedekind’s theory of real numbers, the endeavor to provide a rigorous arithmetical foundation for the calculus. The mathematics tutorial is both an introduction to physics and a foundation for the study of the philosophical outlook of the modern world.

In the fourth year, the reading of Lobachevski’s approach to non-Euclidean geometry invites reflection on the postulates of geometry, as well as on the nature of the geometric art as a whole. Seniors also study Einstein’s special theory of relativity, which challenges our conventional understanding of the nature of time and space.

The Music Tutorial

One of the aims of the St. John’s Program has been to restore music as part of the liberal arts curriculum. The study of music at St. John’s is not directed toward performance, but toward an understanding of the phenomena of music. The ancients accorded music a place among the liberal arts because they understood it as one of the essential functions of the mind, associated with the mind’s power to grasp number and measure. The liberal art of music was based, for them, on the ratios among whole numbers.

In particular, the music program at St. John’s aims at the understanding of music through close study of musical theory and analysis of works of musical literature. In the freshman year, students meet once a week to study the fundamentals of melody and its notation. Demonstration takes place primarily by singing, and by the second semester the students perform some of the great choral works. In the sophomore year, a tutorial meets three times a week. Besides continuing the singing, the music tutorial reflects two different but complementary aspects of music. On the one hand, music is intimately related to language, rhetoric, and poetry. On the other, it is a unique and self-sufficient art, which has its roots deep in nature.

The work of the tutorial includes an investigation of rhythm in words as well as in notes, a thorough investigation of the diatonic system, a study of the ratios of musical intervals, and a consideration of melody, counterpoint, and harmony. None of these are done apart from the sounding reality of good music. The inventions of Bach, the songs of Schubert, the masses of Palestrina, the *St. Matthew Passion* of Bach, the operas of Mozart, and the instrumental works of Beethoven are the real teachers. In the second semester, at least one major work is analyzed closely.

Seminars on great works of music are included as part of the regular seminar schedule. Instead of reading a text, students listen to recordings of a composition and familiarize themselves with its score before the seminar meets. Group discussion of a work of music, as of a book, facilitates and enriches the understanding of it.
The laboratory program is largely determined by three considerations relevant to the liberalization of the study of science: (1) The formally scheduled experimental work must be combined with a full and free discussion of the instruments and principles involved in it. (2) The content of the work should be so chosen as to enable the students to trace a scientific discipline to its roots in principle, assumption, and observation. Thus certain integrated wholes of subject matters are selected as problems in which the roles of theory and experimentation can be distinguished through critical study. (3) The schedule of laboratory work should give opportunity for leisurely but intensive experimentation. The students must have time to satisfy themselves as to the degree of accuracy their instruments permit, to analyze procedures for sources of error, to consider alternative methods, and on occasion to repeat an entire experiment. Only thus can they come to a mature understanding of the sciences called “exact.”

A laboratory section consists of 14 to 16 students working under the guidance of a tutor, with the help of more advanced students serving as assistants. Sections meet two or three times a week. A laboratory session may be used for exposition and discussion of theory, for experimentation, or for both, as the progress of the work requires. In most cases, the basis for discussion is a classic paper or other text directly related to the topic at hand; writings of Aristotle, Galen, Harvey, Huygens, Newton, Lavoisier, Maxwell, Thomson, Rutherford, and Bohr are among those regularly used in this way. In all the work of the laboratory and in the laboratory manuals written at the college, the purpose is to achieve an intimate mixture of critical discussion and empirical inquiry.
Laboratory Topics

The general topics of study have been chosen from elementary physical and biological sciences. The sequence of study may be outlined as follows:

1ST Year
12 weeks: Observational biology
20 weeks: Studies of matter and measurement, leading to the atomic theory of chemistry

3RD Year
Topics in physics: mechanics, optics, heat, electricity, magnetism

4TH Year
10 weeks: Quantum physics
18 weeks: Genetics, evolution, molecular biology
The First Year

The laboratory begins with 12 weeks devoted to topics in observational biology: classification of types, anatomical structure, cells and their aggregation and differentiation, and embryological development. Close observation by the naked eye or with microscopes is accompanied by constant theoretical interpretation, based on reading important works of biological scientists. Here the student confronts organisms as self-moving entities with properties of wholeness, intimately dependent on, yet distinct from, the surrounding world.

The freshman laboratory next turns to the nonliving in a search for fundamental laws. Archimedes on the lever and on hydrostatics is studied, then the laws of equilibrium of gases, temperature, and calorimetry are taken up, experimentally and in discussion of the relevant theories. These topics lead into an examination of the phenomena, largely chemical, and the arguments that are involved in the theory that matter is composed of discrete particles. The student compares the views of Aristotle and Lavoisier on the nature of substance and substantial change, and goes on to study and discuss important original texts bearing on the development of the atomic-molecular theory. Experiments are performed to help with the understanding of the texts and the physical and chemical transformation of which they speak. The year’s work culminates in the resolution of the problem of determining atomic weights and in an examination of some consequences of this determination.

The Third Year

The third-year laboratory deals with topics common to a number of the traditional divisions of physics, such as mechanics, optics, and electromagnetism. Throughout the year, experimentation is accompanied by the reading of important original writings by Galileo, Descartes, Huygens, Newton, Leibniz, Carnot, and Maxwell. The mathematical tools of physics are to be put to work in the laboratory at the same time that their rigorous development is pursued in the mathematics tutorials. As the tools of the calculus become available, the emphasis shifts from a direct, qualitative description of force, acceleration, work, energy, and potential fields to their reformulation in terms of derivative and integral; at the same time, the physical concepts serve to illustrate the mathematical ideas. The concepts of mechanics are to be used to formulate alternative theories of light — corpuscular and wave — and the success of either theory in accounting for optical phenomena is examined. The fundamental phenomena of electricity and magnetism are studied observationally and experimentally, and formulated in mathematical terms. The final and culminating topic of the year is Maxwell’s derivation of an electromagnetic theory of light.

The Fourth Year

In many ways, the work of the senior year is a return to questions the students first confronted as freshmen. During the first semester, the senior laboratory takes up anew the theory of atomism — but the atom itself has become the object of study. Prepared by work with electrical phenomena, the student can focus on the questions of atomic stability that led to the revolutionary quantum hypothesis of Bohr and the wave mechanics of de Broglie and Schrödinger. Through a sequence of historic scientific papers and related experiments, the concepts of particle and wave, of discreteness and continuity, gain new meaning.

The laboratory program ends as it began — with a study of living organisms. In the spring of the senior year, students finally confront the evidence and arguments for their modern views of evolution and genetics. The semester begins with Darwin and Mendel, proceeds to a synthesis, and then traces developments in cellular and molecular biology which are thought to undergird this synthesis, as presented in seminal papers by twentieth-century biologists. In addition, this work raises questions about whether there is purpose in nature, whether there are natural kinds, what distinguishes living from non-living, whether living things have a wholeness, and if so, what is responsible for it.
THE FORMAL LECTURE

The curriculum as described so far calls for student participation at every active stage of the work. On Friday evenings, however, a different form of instruction occurs. The formal lecture is the occasion when the students have an opportunity to listen steadily and attentively. The subject may be closely connected with seminar, tutorial, or laboratory readings, or it may open up a new field of interest and test the students’ readiness to absorb new information and to follow arguments in unfamiliar fields: in anthropology or space science, in painting or architecture. The lecturers are often visiting scholars, but not infrequently they are members of the St. John’s faculty. Visitors may be from the academic world or from the arena of public affairs; they may be poets or artists. Sometimes a concert replaces a lecture.

The lecture is followed by a discussion. Here the lecturers submit themselves to prolonged questioning by the students, with the faculty participating. Often the discussion turns into a seminar. Thus the formal lecture serves two purposes: it inculcates in the students the habit of listening and following the exposition of a subject they may not be familiar with, and it also provides them an opportunity, in the discussion period, to exercise their dialectical skills in a setting very different from the classroom. It is here that they can test the degree of their understanding and the applicability of what they have learned.

The lectures range through a variety of subjects. Sometimes the students are confronted with opposing views on a given subject. Some of the lectures have immediate repercussions in the seminars and tutorials.
Lectures and Concerts

The following list provides some examples of lectures and concerts given on one or the other campus in recent years:

“Reading, Writing, Listening, Talking”
Eva Brann

“Quantum Phenomena”
Mark Rollins

Bill Charlap Jazz Trio

“Wordsworth and Keats”
Ronald Sharp

“On Reading the U.S. Constitution as a Great Book”
William Braithwaite

“T.S. Eliot’s Othello”
Christopher Ricks

“Does Beauty Have a Place in Liberal Education?”
Daniel Harrell

“Tonal Music and the Mozart Operas”
Elliot Zuckerman

“The Tocquevillean Moment”
Wilfred McClay

“Re-thinking Difference”
Daniel Dahlstrom

“The Metaphysics of Dante’s Commedia”
Christian Moevs

“Cicero and the Creation of Roman Philosophy”
Walter Englert

“Fields and Particles and Being”
Dylan Casey

“Invisible Beauty: Euler’s Astounding Formula”
Grant Franks

“Dialectic, Virtue and Recollection in Plato’s Meno”
Laurence Berns

“‘Lucky the One’: Kierkegaard’s Search for Morality in the Stories We Tell”
Phil Hopkins

Music of Liszt, Schuman and Chopin
Awadagin Pratt

“Honor, Glory and Friendship in Homer’s Iliad and Aristotle’s Ethics”
Michael Dink

“Normal and Abnormal Neuronal Migration...or Why Your Brain is Wrinkled”
John Rees

“Wealth, Virtue and Corruption: Adam Smith’s Moral Philosophy”
Lauren Brubaker

Works by Thelonious Monk
Cal Haines Tribute Trio

“Why Was Spinoza Excommunicated?”
Steven Nadler

“Descartes, Newton and the Mathematical Character of Natural Philosophy”
Mary Domski

“Music, Meaning and Gods in Greek Tragedy”
Mark Griffith

“After the Beautiful: Hegel and the Philosophy of Pictorial Modernism”
Robert Pippin

“Michel de Montaigne’s Singular Essays: the Man, the Book, the Legacy”
Colin Dickson

“Conatus and the Pre-Scientific Basis of Spinoza’s Ethics”
Richard Velkley
The list of books that serves as the core of the curriculum had its beginnings at Columbia College, at the University of Chicago, and at the University of Virginia. Since 1937, it has been under continuous review at St. John’s College. The distribution of the books over the four years is significant. More than 2,000 years of intellectual history form the background of the first two years; about 300 years of history form the background for almost twice as many authors in the last two years.

The first year is devoted to Greek authors and their pioneering understanding of the liberal arts; the second year ranges from the Hebrew Bible to the sixteenth-century seeds of modernity; the third year has books of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, most of which were written in modern languages; the fourth year brings the reading into the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

The chronological order in which the books are read is primarily a matter of convenience and intelligibility; it does not imply a historical approach to the subject matter. The St. John’s curriculum seeks to convey to students an understanding of the fundamental problems that human beings have to face today and at all times. It invites them to reflect both on their continuities and their discontinuities.

The list of books that constitute the core of the St. John’s Program is subject to yearly review by the Instruction Committee of the faculty. Those listed here are read at one or both campuses, although not always in their entirety. Books read in seminar are indicated by an asterisk.
Freshman Year

*Homer: *Iliad, Odyssey
*Aeschylus: *Agamemnon, Libation Bearers, Eumenides, Prometheus Bound
*Sophocles: Oedipus Rex, Oedipus at Colonus, Antigone, Philoctetes, Ajax
*Thucydides: Peloponnesian War
*Euripides: Hippolytus, Bacchae
*Herodotus: Histories
*Aristophanes: Clouds
*Plato: *Meno, Gorgias, Republic, Apology, Crito, Phaedo, Symposium, Parmenides, Theaetetus, Sophist, Timaeus, Phaedrus
*Euclid: Elements
*Lucretius: *On the Nature of Things
*Plutarch: *“Lycurgus,” “Solon”
Ptolemy: *Almagest
Nicomachus: *Arithmetic
Lavoisier: *Elements of Chemistry
Harvey: *Motion of the Heart and Blood

Sophomore Year

*Hebrew Bible
*New Testament
Aristotle: *De Anima, On Interpretation, Prior Analytics, Categories
Apollonius: *Conics
*Virgil: *Aeneid
*Plutarch: *“Caesar,” “Cato the Younger,” “Antony,” “Brutus”
*Epictetus: *Discourses, Manual
*Tacitus: *Annals
Ptolemy: *Almagest
*Plotinus: *The Enneads
*Augustine: Confessions
*Maimonides: *Guide for the Perplexed
*Anselm: *Proslogium
*Aquinas: Summa Theologiae
*Dante: Divine Comedy
*Chaucer: Canterbury Tales
*Machiavelli: *The Prince, Discourses
Copernicus: *On the Revolutions of the Spheres
Kepler: Epitome IV
Livy: Early History of Rome
Palestrina: Missa Papae Marcelli
*Montaigne: Essays
Viète: *Introduction to the Analytical Art
*Bacon: *Novum Organum
Shakespeare: *Richard II*, *Henry IV*, *The Tempest*, *As You Like It*,
*Hamlet*, *Othello*, *Macbeth*, *King Lear*, and Sonnets
Poems by: Marvell, Donne, and other 16th- and 17th-century poets
Descartes: *Geometry*, *Discourse on Method*
Pascal: *Generation of Conic Sections*
Bach: *St. Matthew Passion*, *Inventions*
Haydn: Quartets
Mozart: *Operas*
Beethoven: *Third Symphony*
Schubert: Songs
Monteverdi: *L'Orfeo*
Stravinsky: *Symphony of Psalms*

Junior Year

* Cervantes: *Don Quixote*
Galileo: *Two New Sciences*
*Hobbes*: *Leviathan*
*Descartes*: *Meditations, Rules for the Direction of the Mind*
*Milton*: *Paradise Lost*
La Rochefoucauld: *Maximes*
La Fontaine: *Fables*
*Pascal*: *Pensées*
Huygens: *Treatise on Light, On the Movement of Bodies by Impact*
*Eliot*: *Middlemarch*
*Spinoza*: *Theologico-Political Treatise*
*Locke*: Second Treatise of Government
Racine: *Phèdre*
Newton: *Principia Mathematica*
Leibniz: *Monadology, Discourse on Metaphysics, Essay on Dynamics,*
*Philosophical Essays, Principles of Nature and Grace*
*Swift*: *Gulliver’s Travels*
*Hume*: *Treatise of Human Nature*
*Rousseau*: *Social Contract, The Origin of Inequality*
*Molière*: *Le Misanthrope*
*Adam Smith*: *Wealth of Nations*
*Kant*: *Critique of Pure Reason, Foundations of the Metaphysics of Morals*
*Mozart*: *Don Giovanni*
*Austen*: *Pride and Prejudice, Emma*
Hawthorne: *The Scarlet Letter*
Dedekind: *Essays on the Theory of Numbers*
*Articles of Confederation, Declaration of Independence,*
*Constitution of the United States of America*

*Hamilton, Jay and Madison: The Federalist*
*Twain*: *The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn*
*Wordsworth*: *The Two Part Prelude of 1799*
Essays by: Young, Taylor, Euler, D. Bernoulli, Ørsted, Ampère, Faraday, Maxwell
Senior Year

*Supreme Court Opinions

*Goethe:  
  Faust

Darwin:  
  Origin of Species

*Hegel:  
  Phenomenology of Mind, “Logic” (from the Encyclopedia)

Lobachevsky:  
  Theory of Parallels

*Kafka:  
  The Metamorphosis

*Plato:  
  Phaedrus

*Tocqueville:  
  Democracy in America

  Documents from American History

  The Federalist

  Hamilton, Jay and Madison

*Lincoln:  
  Selected speeches

*F. Douglass:  
  Selected speeches

*Kierkegaard:  
  Philosophical Fragments, Fear and Trembling

*Wagner:  
  Tristan and Isolde

*Marx:  
  Capital, Political and Economic Manuscripts of 1844

  The German Ideology

*Dostoevsky:  
  Brothers Karamazov

*Tolstoy:  
  War and Peace

*Melville:  
  Benito Cereno

*O’Connor:  
  Selected stories

*William James:  
  Psychology, Briefer Course

*Nietzsche:  
  Beyond Good and Evil

*Freud:  
  Introductory Lectures on Psychoanalysis

  Baudelaire:  
  Les Fleurs du Mal

*Booker T. Washington:  
  Selected writings

*Du Bois:  
  The Souls of Black Folk

*Husserl:  
  Crisis of the European Sciences

*Heidegger:  
  Basic Writings

Einstei:n:  
  Selected papers

*Conrad:  
  Heart of Darkness

*Faulkner:  
  Go Down Moses

Flaubert:  
  Un Coeur Simple

*Woolf:  
  Mrs. Dalloway, To the Lighthouse

Poems by:  
  Yeats, T. S. Eliot, Wallace Stevens, Valéry, Rimbaud

Essays by:  
  Faraday, J. J. Thomson, Millikan, Minkowski, Rutherford, Davison, Schrödinger, Bohr, de Broglie, Heisenberg, Mendel, Boveri, Sutton, Morgan, Beadle & Tatum, Sussman, Watson & Crick, Jacob & Monod, Hardy

*These authors or works are read in seminar. The others are distributed among the tutorials and laboratory.
## Classification of Authors, According to Conventional Subject Matter, Through the Four Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Literature</th>
<th>Philosophy and Theology</th>
<th>History and Social Science</th>
<th>Mathematics and Natural Science</th>
<th>Music</th>
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THE ACADEMIC ORDER

The Tutors

At St. John’s, the teaching members of the faculty are called tutors. The title “professor” is avoided to signify that it is not the chief role of the tutors to expound doctrines in their field of expertise. Instead, learning is a cooperative enterprise carried out in small groups with persons at different stages of learning working together. All participants in a class are expected to prepare for their discussion by studying the text that is the principal teacher of the class — it might be Plato or Newton or Jane Austen or one of the other authors who wrote from the high point of their learning.

What then is the role of the reading and talking teachers, the tutors? First of all, they should be good questioners, able to raise important issues that will engage the intellectual and imaginative powers of their students. Next, they must be good listeners, able to determine the difficulties of their students and to help them to reformulate their observations and examine their opinions. The tutors should be ready to supply helpful examples and to encourage students to examine the implications of their first attempts at understanding. In summary, the role of the tutors is to question, to listen, and to help. The help might take the form of translation, experimentation, demonstration, or explanation, but first of all the tutor will call on the students to try to help themselves.

In order that conversations at St. John’s will not be limited to what fits neatly inside a single discipline, it is essential that St. John’s tutors re-educate themselves to acquire increased understanding in those parts of the Program that are outside their field of post-graduate training. For example, tutors with advanced degrees in mathematics would prepare themselves to lead language tutorials requiring translations from Sophocles or Racine. The advantage of this for students is that they are under the guidance of active learners who will not avert their far-ranging questions with the reply that these matters are handled in another department. The advantage of this for tutors is that they are involved with a variety of works of such richness that they are continually tempted to strive for greater comprehension of them. Some tutors do find time to write articles and books, but their first duty is to prepare themselves to teach the St. John’s Program.

This preparation is necessarily demanding because no full-time tutor is confined to a single part of the Program. They are, and have to be, teaching members of a seminar and of either two tutorials or of one tutorial and a laboratory section, and they are continually teaching their colleagues and learning from them.

It is important that tutors have time to probe more deeply into the foundations and wider contexts of what is studied at St. John’s than the preparation for classes usually allows. In order to avoid staleness and the ever-present danger of succumbing to routine performance, they are granted sabbatical leaves to allow for leisure and serious study. Between sabbatical leaves, faculty study groups are set up. Leaders of such groups are sometimes relieved of part of their ordinary teaching duties. The groups engage in a thorough study and exploration of a subject chosen by themselves or the Instruction Committee of the faculty. Scholars from other institutions may join the group for certain periods. Although the subject under study may not be directly related to the St. John’s curriculum, the work of the study groups opens new perspectives for teaching and learning at St. John’s.
The Instruction Committee

The Instruction Committee is a committee of tutors responsible for advising the deans on all matters of instruction. It also advises the presidents on appointments to the faculty. The committee consists of the deans and 12 tutors, six elected by the tutors on each campus of the college; the presidents sit with the Instruction Committee ex officio. The deans preside over the Instruction Committee meetings on their own campus; the members of the committee on each campus constitute the Instruction Committee for that campus and meet regularly throughout the year. The full committee meets annually, alternating between the two campuses, and the dean at the host campus presides at those annual meetings.

The Library

The library exists to support the academic program as well as the teaching and learning that occur in a variety of ways at St. John’s College. The books chosen for study at St. John’s form the basis of the collection, with additional volumes serving as secondary sources and representative works in the major fields of learning. The libraries on the two campuses have a total collection of over 180,000 items, including works in various languages and many diverse subject areas, with a concentration in the sciences and humanities. The library also collects periodicals and newspapers, audiovisual materials, audio recordings of faculty and Friday night lectures, faculty publications, and student prize essays. Interlibrary Loan services enable current students, faculty, and staff to request books and journal articles that are not part of the library’s collection from libraries throughout the country. In all its activities, the library seeks to participate in the program of the college and reflect its philosophy of education.

The libraries also provide public terminals for accessing the online catalog, electronic resources, and the Internet. The libraries subscribe to several electronic academic databases including JSTOR, OCLC FirstSearch (ArticleFirst/WorldCat), Oxford English Dictionary, Philosopher’s Index, and the Thesaurus Linguae Graecae. These and other databases can be accessed in the libraries, dorms, or by any computer that connects to the St. John’s network.

The Greenfield Library, in Annapolis, is housed in a beautifully restored historic building that was once the Maryland Hall of Records. Comfortably situated study spaces with subtle natural light are available for reading and contemplation. The music library is housed apart in the Mellon building, and offers sound recordings and printed scores, all available for loan.

The Faith and John Meem Library opened in Santa Fe in 1990. It offers a variety of study areas designed to accommodate up to half of the student body at a given time, including two 24-hour study rooms, and a music room with listening carrels and a collection of compact discs, records, and DVDs.

Both libraries hold interesting special collections, including several hundred early or first editions of works read in the Program. Most of the materials included in the Greenfield Library archival and special collections, such as St. John’s College photographs, a collection of fine art slides, college publications and records, and instruction manuals used by the tutors throughout the years, are available in the library.

Some of the notable special collections available in the Greenfield Library are the collected papers and correspondence of Jacob Klein and the collected papers and correspondence of Stringfellow Barr. In addition, the Greenfield Library has retained several of the original books from the Bray Collection, dating from 1696 and known as the “first public library in America,” and possesses the Prettyman Collection of Signed and Inscribed Books, some 800 titles of first editions signed by the authors. Some of the pre-1930 materials are housed at the Maryland State Archives. The Witter Bynner Collection and the Edgar Allen Poe Collection in Santa Fe contain first editions on each poet, as well as other “belles letters.” In addition, the Santa Fe library contains a faculty and alumni publications collection and the Holtzman Music Collection.
Schedules

Perhaps the most distinctive mark of St. John’s College is the fact that all the students of the same year are reading the same books at the same time with the same immediate preparation. This may be the week when all freshmen are learning the Greek alphabet; or the weeks when they are meeting the highest type of Greek mathematics in the fifth book of Euclid’s Elements; or the time of the first assignment in Thucydides, when students and seminar leaders are thinking about the implications for liberty in Pericles’ funeral oration. Thus all students, having a common program of study, have a common ground for conversation.

Except for the preceptorials in the junior and senior years, and certain periods of laboratory work for which the upperclassmen may choose their own time, the schedule is the same for all students. The language, mathematics, and music tutorials each meet for three-and-one-half hours to four-and-one-half hours per week. Freshmen, juniors, and seniors spend up to six hours each week in the laboratory. Each week there are two evening seminars, lasting two hours or more. A formal lecture or concert is given once a week. Sixteen to 19 hours per week are spent in regular classes. The year is divided into two semesters of 16 weeks each.
A Sample Freshman Schedule, Annapolis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HOUR</th>
<th>MONDAY</th>
<th>TUESDAY</th>
<th>WEDNESDAY</th>
<th>THURSDAY</th>
<th>FRIDAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:00 – 10:10 a.m.</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>10:20 – 11:30 a.m.</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
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<tr>
<td>1:00 – 3:40 p.m.</td>
<td>Laboratory</td>
<td>Chorus</td>
<td>Laboratory</td>
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<tr>
<td>8:00 – 10:00 p.m.</td>
<td>Seminar</td>
<td>Seminar</td>
<td>Formal Lecture</td>
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</table>

A Sample Freshman Schedule, Santa Fe

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HOUR</th>
<th>MONDAY</th>
<th>TUESDAY</th>
<th>WEDNESDAY</th>
<th>THURSDAY</th>
<th>FRIDAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:00 – 10:30 a.m.</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>Mathematics</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:30 a.m. – 12:00 p.m.</td>
<td>Music</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td>Language</td>
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<tr>
<td>1:30 – 4:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Laboratory</td>
<td></td>
<td>Laboratory</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7:30 – 9:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Seminar</td>
<td>Seminar</td>
<td>Formal Lecture</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

ESSAYS AND EXAMINATIONS

Anually in Annapolis and each semester in Santa Fe, all freshmen, sophomores, and juniors submit essays to their seminar leaders on some aspect of the liberal arts. These essays are based directly upon books in the Program.

Oral Examinations

Toward the end of each semester, oral examinations are conducted for each student by the seminar leaders. The students are questioned freely and informally on the texts they have read or the paper they have written and on their critical and interpretive opinions. It is not the principal aim of the examiners to find out how much students remember. Students are encouraged to consider the different parts of their study in relation to each other and to problems that may not have been treated in any of their classes. For freshmen, the first oral examination of the year is given before the winter vacation, and for juniors and seniors just before preceptorials begin.

The Algebra Examination

Before the second semester of their sophomore year, students must pass an examination in elementary algebra and trigonometry. Review sessions are offered.

The Final Essay and Oral Examination

In the senior year, the student is required to present to the faculty a final essay related to some aspect of the four years’ work. It is not intended to be a piece of specialized research, but rather a sustained performance in the liberal arts. Four weeks at the start of the second semester are reserved for essay writing; during this period the seniors attend no classes. If the final essay is approved by the faculty committee to which it has been assigned for reading, the student is examined about it by the committee in an hour-long public examination. No degree is awarded unless both the essay and the oral examination are satisfactory. The senior essay is regarded as a culmination of the student’s learning.
UNDERGRADUATE COURSES AND CREDITS

FRESHMAN
Freshman Laboratory 1 4 credits
Freshman Language Tutorial 1 4 credits
Freshman Mathematics Tutorial 1 4 credits
Freshman Music Tutorial 1 1 credit
Freshman Seminar 1 4 credits
Freshman Laboratory 2 4 credits
Freshman Language Tutorial 2 4 credits
Freshman Mathematics Tutorial 2 4 credits
Freshman Seminar 2 4 credits
Freshman Music Tutorial 2 1 credit
Freshman Annual Essay .50 credit

SOPHOMORE
Sophomore Music Tutorial 1 5 credits
Sophomore Language Tutorial 1 4 credits
Sophomore Mathematics Tutorial 1 4 credits
Sophomore Seminar 1 4 credits
Sophomore Music Tutorial 2 5 credits
Sophomore Language Tutorial 2 4 credits
Sophomore Mathematics Tutorial 2 4 credits
Sophomore Seminar 2 4 credits
Sophomore Annual Essay 1 credit
### JUNIOR
- Junior Laboratory 1: 5 credits
- Junior Language Tutorial 1: 4 credits
- Junior Mathematics Tutorial 1: 4 credits
- Junior Seminar 1: 2 credits
- Junior Preceptorial: 2 credits
- Junior Laboratory 2: 5 credits
- Junior Language Tutorial 2: 4 credits
- Junior Mathematics Tutorial 2: 4 credits
- Junior Seminar 2: 4 credits
- Junior Annual Essay: 1 credit

### SENIOR
- Senior Laboratory 1: 4 credits
- Senior Language Tutorial 1: 4 credits
- Senior Mathematics Tutorial 1: 4 credits
- Senior Seminar 1: 2 credits
- Senior Preceptorial: 2 credits
- Senior Laboratory 2: 3 credits
- Senior Language Tutorial 2: 3 credits
- Senior Mathematics Tutorial 1: 3 credits
- Senior Seminar 1: 3 credits
- Senior Essay: 3.5 credits
- Senior Oral: 0 credits
ACADEMIC STANDING

Because St. John's classes are small and intimate, and because students participate actively, tutors are aware of their students’ progress from day to day. The tutors’ appraisals of a student are based on the student’s total performance as a member of the tutorials and seminar.

It is assumed that each student has the required capacities to pursue this course of study until there is clear evidence to the contrary. The curriculum is varied and rich enough for great diversity of interest, performance, and achievement, and there is ample room within it for a wide range of ability and for individual choice and guidance. Moreover, St. John’s is free from the pressures of conventional examinations and competition for grades.

Because student participation is essential to the way in which classes are conducted at St. John’s, attendance at all regularly scheduled college exercises is required. A record of absences is kept. This record is taken into consideration whenever there is occasion to determine academic standing.

The Don Rag

Within the college, the most important form of evaluation is the don rag. Once a semester, freshmen, sophomores, and juniors meet with their tutors in the don rag. The tutors report to one of the seminar leaders on the students’ work during the semester; the students are then invited to respond to their tutors’ reports and comment on their own work. Advice may be requested and given; difficulties may be aired; but grades are not reported or discussed.

In the junior year, conferences replace some of the don rags. In conferences, students report on their own work, and then the tutors comment on that report. By the time students are seniors, it is assumed that they can evaluate their own work, and there is no don rag unless a tutor believes that there is a special need for one.

If a student’s work as a whole falls below a satisfactory level, the student may be placed on academic probation, with the stipulation of conditions that must be met if the student is to continue in the college. The normal probationary period is one semester.

Letter Grades

Students are encouraged not to work for grades, but to develop their powers of understanding. Therefore, within the college, grading is not of central importance. Students are told their grades only on request. The tutor’s comprehensive judgment of a student is reported to the dean each semester as a conventional letter grade, A, B, C, D or F, where C indicates that the work is at a satisfactory level. Such a grading system is necessary for students who wish to enter graduate or professional school, or to transfer to another college. If it becomes evident that a student is not progressing or that the learning process has stopped, the student is asked to leave the college.

Sophomore Enabling

Sophomore enabling is a review by the Instruction Committee, with the advice of all the tutors of sophomores, of the student’s learning during the two years spent in the college. The sophomore essay is especially important in the enabling procedure. Consequently, no students are enabled to enter the junior class unless they have written a satisfactory essay, and then only if in the judgment of the Instruction Committee they are sufficiently prepared for the work of the final two years. In particular, the enabling judgment looks to the possibility of the student writing an acceptable senior essay.
THE ST. JOHN’S DEGREE, BACHELOR OF ARTS

The student who completes the four-year curriculum satisfactorily is awarded the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Students who enter in the January session graduate in three and one-half years, and they spend their first summer completing their freshman year, so that they, too, complete a four-year curriculum. On the transcript, St. John’s seminars, tutorials, and laboratories are translated into terms of conventional subjects. The curriculum is the equivalent of approximately 134 semester hours.

GRADUATE STUDY AND CAREERS AFTER ST. JOHN’S

In a world in which careers and work environments are changing rapidly, a rigorous, broadly based liberal arts education is recognized increasingly as perhaps the best long-term career preparation. Research studies in business and the professions and recent national commission reports have reaffirmed the value of the liberal arts in inculcating broadly applicable skills, such as analytical and problem solving abilities, written and oral communications skills, and the ability to adapt to diverse and changing circumstances. Many St. John’s alumni, for example, have demonstrated an unusual ability to master complex and unfamiliar tasks and bodies of knowledge, and to forge creative and satisfying careers.

St. John’s graduates follow a wide variety of career paths. Surveys of alumni have yielded the following statistics:

- 21.9% are in teaching or educational administration; about two-thirds of these work in colleges or universities;
- 18.8% are in communications or the arts;
- 17.3% are in business or business-related occupations;
- 9.7% work in the field of law, with most in private practice or the judiciary;
- 9.4% work in computers/sciences/mathematics;
- 9.4% choose other fields, including urban planning, skilled craftsmanship, foreign service/Peace Corps, government service, veterinary medicine, homemaking, farming, armed forces, and conservation/ecology.
- 6.9% work in the health professions, mainly as physicians;
- 6.6% work in social services, including counseling, psychology, social work, and the ministry;

Approximately 70% of our alumni pursue formal education beyond the baccalaureate level, with around 15% of each graduating class entering graduate and professional programs directly after St. John’s. Doctoral degrees earned by St. John’s alumni split about evenly between humanities and science/mathematics. Our students consistently score above the national average on the Graduate Record Exam (GRE) and Law School Admissions Test (LSAT). The Career Services office on each campus assists students in planning for advanced study and in preparing their applications.
THE GRADUATE INSTITUTE IN LIBERAL EDUCATION

The Graduate Institute at St. John’s College offers a Master of Arts in Liberal Arts on both campuses and a Master of Arts in Eastern Classics on the Santa Fe campus. These programs, inspired by that of the undergraduate college, have two distinctive features: the curriculum consists exclusively of classic or great books used as texts, and all classes are conducted as small group discussions. Applications are encouraged from adults with diverse educational and cultural backgrounds and with varied interests and professions.

DEGREE OF MASTER OF ARTS IN LIBERAL ARTS

The aim of the program is to help students formulate and respond to fundamental questions about themselves and their world by reading and discussing with others the great books of the Western tradition. The readings are organized into five segments: Literature, Politics and Society, Philosophy and Theology, Mathematics and Natural Science, and History. Students must complete four of these five segments to earn the Master of Arts in Liberal Arts degree (36 semester credit hours). These segments taken together constitute a closely integrated program of study.

Classes are small and based on discussion of classic texts, but differ in significant ways. The heart of the curriculum is the seminar in which 14 to 19 students engage in a discussion initiated by a tutor’s question about the assigned reading. In the tutorial, a slightly smaller group of students focuses more intensively on smaller assignments, either mathematical proofs, short literary texts, or dense arguments of philosophy or political theory. The preceptorial, with an even smaller number of students, engages in the study of a single book or topic and requires that students write a substantial paper. Faculty members are called tutors, not professors, and they lead classes by posing questions and guiding the discussion, rather than by lecturing in their field of expertise.

At least two segments are offered in the 16-week fall and spring terms, and usually two to four are offered in the eight-week summer term. In the fall and spring terms, classes meet only two days a week, in the late afternoons and evenings, making it possible for students who work to participate. During the summer, classes meet five days a week and start earlier in the day. Schedules vary somewhat between the two campuses. Students may matriculate in any of the three terms, and take segments in any order compatible with the sequence of offerings. An optional master’s essay may be written by students who have completed at least two terms.

The program leading to the Master of Arts in Liberal Arts is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission (HLC) and the Middle States Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools.
THE LIBERAL ARTS CURRICULUM**

**Literature**

**SEMINAR**
Homer: *Iliad, Odyssey*
Aeschylus: *Agamemnon, Libation Bearers, Eumenides*
Sophocles: *Oedipus Rex, Oedipus at Colonus, Antigone*
Euripides: *Hippolytus, Bacchae, Electra*
Aristophanes: *Frogs*

**TUTORIAL**
Chaucer: *Canterbury Tales in Middle English*
Shakespeare: *King Lear*
Aristotle: *Poetics*
Selected English lyric poetry

**PRECEPTORIAL**
(sample offerings)
Cervantes: *Don Quixote*
Joyce: *Ulysses*
Virgil: *Aeneid*
Elia: *Middlemarch*
Dostoevski: *The Brothers Karamazov*

**Politics and Society**

**SEMINAR**
Plutarch: “Lycurgus” and “Solon”
Plato: *Republic*
Aristotle: *Politics*
Machiavelli: *The Prince*
Locke: *Second Treatise of Civil Government*
Rousseau: *On the Origin and Foundations of Inequality*
Marx: *The Economic and Philosophic Manuscripts of 1844*
Toqueville: *Democracy in America*

**TUTORIAL**
Aristotle: *Nicomachean Ethics*
Thomas Aquinas: *Treatise on Law*
Hobbes: *Leviathan*
Declaration of Independence
Articles of Confederation
U.S. Constitution
Hamilton, Jay, and Madison: *The Federalist*
 Selected U.S. Supreme Court Decisions

**PRECEPTORIAL**
(sample offerings)
Montesquieu: *The Spirit of the Laws*
Shakespeare: *The history plays*
Smith: *The Wealth of Nations*
Rousseau: *Emile*
Hegel: *The Philosophy of Right*

**Mathematics and Natural Science**

**SEMINAR**
Plato: *Timaeus*
Lucretius: *On the Nature of Things*
Aristotle: *Physics*
Ptolemy: *Almagest*
Galileo: *Dialogue on the Two Chief World Systems*
Darwin: *The Origin of Species*
Freud: *Selected Works*

**TUTORIAL**
Euclid: *Elements*
Lobachevski: *The Theory of Parallels*

**PRECEPTORIAL**
(sample offerings)
Light: Aristotle, Descartes, Huygens, and Newton
Lavoisier: *Elements of Chemistry*
Maxwell: *Theory of Heat*
Bacon and the Principles of Natural Philosophy
Galileo: *Two New Sciences*

**Philosophy and Theology**

**SEMINAR**
Genesis
Exodus
Job
Matthew
Romans
Augustine: *Confessions*
Thomas Aquinas: *Summa Theologica*
Kant: *Groundwork of the Metaphysics of Morals*
Kierkegaard: *Philosophical Fragments*

**TUTORIAL**
Plato: *Men*
Aristotle: *Metaphysics*
Descartes: *Meditations*
Hume: *An Enquiry Concerning Human Understanding*
Kant: *Prolegomena to Any Future Metaphysics*
Nietzsche: *Beyond Good and Evil*

**PRECEPTORIAL**
(sample offerings)
Aristotle: *On the Soul*
Heidegger: *Selected Works*
Spinoza: *Ethics*
Wittgenstein: *Philosophical Investigations*
Nietzsche: *Thus Spake Zarathustra*

**History**

**SEMINAR**
Herodotus: *Histories*
Thucydides: *Peloponnesian War*
Livy: *Early History of Rome*
Polybius: *Histories*
Plutarch: “Caesar” and “Cato the Younger”
Tacitus: *Annals*
Toqueville: *The Old Regime and the French Revolution*

**TUTORIAL**
Augustine: *The City of God*
View: *The New Science*
Kant: *Idea of a Universal History*
Herder: *Idea Toward the Philosophy of the History of Mankind*
Hegel: *Philosophy of History*
Marx: *The German Ideology*
Nietzsche: *Uses and Abuses of History for Life*
Dilthey: *Introduction to the Human Sciences*
Collingwood: *The Idea of History*
Strauss: *Political Philosophy and History*

**PRECEPTORIAL**
(sample offerings)
Tolstoy: *War and Peace*
Machiavelli: *The Florentine Histories*
Weber: *The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism*
Arendt: *The Origins of Totalitarianism*

**Readings may differ slightly between campuses**
* Selections
DEGREE OF MASTER OF ARTS IN EASTERN CLASSICS

The aim of the Eastern Classics program is to help students seek a deeper understanding of the fundamental and enduring questions that have been raised by thoughtful human beings in the rich traditions of the East. Its course of study consists of 34 semester credit hours, completed in one calendar year, beginning in the fall and concluding in the summer. It is offered only on the Santa Fe campus.

The program includes a series of seminars, preceptorials, and a language tutorial in either Sanskrit or classical Chinese. In the seminar, 14 to 18 students discuss assigned readings from a wide range of Indian, Chinese, and Japanese texts. In the tutorial, students study either Sanskrit or classical Chinese. The goal is not mastery, but rather sufficient familiarity with the elements of the languages to gain some insight into their structure and to translate selected short passages from classical texts. In the preceptorial, students study a single work or theme for an eight-week period. Each student is required to write a substantial paper. Faculty members are called tutors, not professors, and they lead classes by posing questions and guiding the discussion, rather than by lecturing in their field of expertise.

Classes meet in late afternoons and evenings to accommodate students who work part-time, but due to the intensive nature of the program, full-time work is not encouraged.
THE EASTERN CLASSICS CURRICULUM

Fall Semester

CHINESE TUTORIAL
(sample offerings)
Pronunciation & grammar
Confucius: Analects
Lao Tzu: Tao Te Ching

SANSKRIT TUTORIAL
(sample offerings)
Gonda, A Concise Elementary Grammar of the Sanskrit Language
Devanagari script

SEMINAR
Lao Tzu: Tao Te Ching
Confucius: Analects, The Great Learning and The Doctrine of the Mean
Mo Tzu: Basic Writings of Mo Tzu
Chuang Tzu: Basic Writings
Mencius: Works
Hsün Tzu: Writings of Hsün Tzu
Han Fei Tzu: Writings of Han Fei Tzu
Sima Qian: The Grand Scribe’s Records
I Ching
Rig Veda
Bhadaranyaka Upanishad
Kena Upanishad
Manduka Upanishad
Ishvara Krishna: Sankhya Karika
Tattva-Kumudik
Patanjali: Yoga Sutra
Jayadeva: Gitagovinda

PRECEPTORIAL
(sample offerings)
Mahabharata (required)
I Ching (sample offerings)
Confucius: Analects
Chuang Tzu: Basic Writings
Lao Tzu: Basic Writings

Spring Semester

CHINESE TUTORIAL
(sample offerings)
T’ang Poetry
Mencius: Works

SANSKRIT TUTORIAL
(sample offerings)
Bhagavad-Gita
Nagarjuna: Madhyamika-shastra

SEMINAR
Kalidasa: Shakuntala, Kumarasambhava and Meghaduta
Jaimini: Mimamsa Sutra
Kumarila Bhatta: Slokavartika
Katha Upanishad
Institutes of Manu
Kautalya: Artha-Shastra
Kama Sutra
Mahabharata
Bhagavad-Gita
Abhinavagupta: Dhvanyaloka
Jayarasi Bhatta: Taittepyopavasimha
Ashvaghosha: Buddhacarita
Meghavat: Nitiayata
Vamakriti Sutra
Nagarjuna: Madhyamika-shastra
Chandrakirti: Prasannapada
Lankavatara Sutra
Guapadapa: The Great Karika on the Mandukya Upanishad
Shankara: Commentary on the Vedanta Sutras
T’ao Chi’en: Record of the Peach Blossom Fountainhead
Chinese Poetry
Diamond Sutra
Heart Sutra

PRECEPTORIAL
(sample offerings)
Hui-Neng: Platform Sutra of the Sixth Patriarch
Chu Hsi: Chu Tzu ch’ian-shu, and Chu Tzu wen-chi

Summer Semester

SEMINAR
The Tale of the Heike
Lotus Sutra
Sci Shonagon: The Pillow Book
Kenko: Essays in Idleness
Dogen: Shobogenzo
Basho: The Narrow Road to the Deep North
Chushingura: The Treasury of Loyal Retainers

PRECEPTORIAL
(sample offerings)
Murasaki Shikibu: The Tale of Genji (required)

*selections
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Erskine, John: My Life as a Teacher, J.B. Lippincott Co., 1948.


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Pieper, Josef: Leisure, the Basis of Culture, Liberty Fund, 1999.

Smith, J. Winfree: A Search for the Liberal College; The Beginning of the St. John’s Program, St. John’s College Press, 1983.

### BOARD OF VISITORS AND GOVERNORS

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
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<tr>
<td>Joanne Aitken</td>
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<td>Philadelphia, PA</td>
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<tr>
<td>M. Brownell Anderson (HM)*</td>
<td></td>
<td>Washington, DC</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elizabeth A. Bassan</td>
<td></td>
<td>Kensington, Maryland</td>
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<tr>
<td>Robert Bienefeld, Secretary</td>
<td></td>
<td>Long Beach, California</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sharon Bishop</td>
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<td>Markham, Virginia</td>
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<tr>
<td>Steven J. Bohlin</td>
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<td>Ray C. Cave (VE)*</td>
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<td>Matthew Davis, Dean – Santa Fe</td>
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<td>Ronald Fielding, Chair</td>
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<td>Kiawah Island, South Carolina</td>
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<td>Stephen Forman</td>
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<td>John L. Gray</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anna Greenberg (HM)*</td>
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<td>Richard Groenendyke</td>
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<td>Joan Haratani</td>
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<td>Piedmont, California</td>
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<td>Lawrence J. Hogan, Ex Officio</td>
<td>Governor of Maryland</td>
<td>Annapolis, Maryland</td>
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<tr>
<td>Allan Hoffman (HM)*</td>
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<td>Lawrence, New York</td>
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<td>Harold Hughes</td>
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<td>Severna Park, Maryland</td>
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<td>Pamela Kraus</td>
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<td>Perry Lerner</td>
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<td>Philadelphia, Pennsylvania</td>
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<td>Susana Martinez, Ex Officio</td>
<td>Governor of New Mexico</td>
<td>Santa Fe, New Mexico</td>
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<td>Robert Mass</td>
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<td>Wilfred M. McClay A73</td>
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<td>Norman, Oklahoma</td>
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<td>Joseph McFarland, Dean–Annapolis</td>
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<td>Douglas K. Mayer</td>
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<td>New York, New York</td>
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<td>Charles Nelson (VE)*</td>
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<td>Panayiotis Kanelos, President –</td>
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<td>Annapolis, Maryland</td>
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<td>Mark Roosevelt, President – Santa Fe</td>
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<td>Jamie Polk</td>
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<td>Santa Fe, New Mexico</td>
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<td>Theodore C. Rogers, Vice Chair</td>
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<td>New York, New York</td>
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*HM = Honorary Member
VE=Visitor Emeritus
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B.A., Yale College, 1974; M.A., Ph.D., Harvard University, 1980; Teaching Fellow in Government at Harvard College, 1976-78, 1979-80; French Government Fellowship, 1978-79; Assistant Professor of Political Science, Stonehill College, 1980-82; Tutor, St. John’s College, Annapolis, 1982-85; Santa Fe, 1985–.

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B.A., St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1979; San Francisco Conservatory of Music, 1980-82; M.A., University of Virginia, 1989; Ph.D., University of Virginia, 1990; President’s Fellow, University of Virginia, 1987-90; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1983–.

Jorge H. Aigla  
Universidad Nacional Autónoma de Mexico, Mexico City, 1971-72; B.S., Saint Mary’s College, California, 1975; M.D., University of California San Francisco, 1979; American Heart Association Student Research Associate, 1974; Fellow, Cancer Research Institute, University of California San Francisco, 1976; Resident, Pathology Department, University of California San Francisco, 1979-80; Alpha Omega Alpha Medical National Honor Society, 1979; Assistant Medical Examiner, Coroner’s Office, City and County of San Francisco, 1980-82; Lecturer in Anatomy, Sonoma State University, California, 1981-82; Lecturer in Anatomy and Physiology, City College of San Francisco, 1981-85; Private translator, 1982; Lecturer, Collegiate Seminar, Saint Mary’s College, California, 1982-83; Assistant Instructor, San Francisco Karate-Do, 1982-83; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1983–; Head Karate-Do Instructor, 1986–; American Teachers Association of Martial Arts, Permanent Member, 1993; International Society of Okinawan Karate, 1994; 6th Dan, 2000; Kyoshi, 2006; 7th Dan, 2008; 8th Dan 2012; New Mexico Urasenke Japanese Tea Association, President, 2004-2008; 2009-2013; 2014-2013; Visiting Science Research Assistant, Nara Women’s University, Nara, Japan, 2014-2015; Sho Dan Black Belt, Japan Iaido Federation (Swordsmanship), Fu Shin Ryu, Kansai, Nara, Japan, 2015.

John F. Cornell  
B.A., 1975; M.A., 1977, McGill University; Ph.D., University of Chicago, 1984; McConnell Fellow, 1975-77; Fishbein Fellow, 1977-80; Searle Fellow, 1980-81; NEH Fellow, 1982; ACLS Fellow, 1983-84; Assistant Professor, Honors College, University of Oregon, 1981-83; Assistant Professor, History of Science, University of Georgia, 1984-85; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1985–; Visiting Assistant Professor of History of Science, University of Chicago, 1990.
Linda Wiener
B.S., Biology, University of Miami, 1977; M.S., Entomology, Colorado State University, 1979; Ph.D., Entomology, University of Wisconsin-Madison, 1981; Post-Doctoral Fellow, Linguistics, Harvard University, 1982-83; Entomology Associate, Museum of Comparative Zoology, Harvard University, 1982-83; Agribusiness Consultant, Arthur D. Little, Inc., Cambridge, MA, 1984-85; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1985–.

David Lawrence Levine

Grant H. Franks

Krishnan Venkatesh
B.A., English Literature, Magdalene College, Cambridge University, 1982; Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter (on Shakespeare editions), University of Muenster, West Germany, 1982-86; Lecturer in British and American Literature, Shanxi University, Taiyuan, People’s Republic of China, 1986-89; Guest Lecturer in Film Analysis, North China Film and Broadcasting Institute, 1989; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1989-; Graduate Institute Director, 2004-2009.

Bruce M. Perry
B.A., Greek, 1973; M.A. Classics, 1975, Ph.D., Classics, 1983, University of Washington; Ph.D. Asian and Middle Eastern Studies, 1995, University of Pennsylvania; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1990–.

Frank R. Hunt
St. John’s College, Annapolis, 1971-73; Cornell University, 1973-74; B.A., New York University, 1976; M.A., 1980, Ph.D., 1985, The Catholic University of America; Editor, Catholic University of America Press, 1980-86; Lecturer, Marymount University of Virginia, 1983-86; Editor, Princeton University Press, 1987-89; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1990–.

Michael David Rawn
B.S., Mathematics, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, 1974; M.S., Mathematics, Brown University, 1977; Undergraduate Study in Mathematics Education, University of New Orleans, 1979-80; Graduate Study in Mathematics, Clarkson University, 1983-86; Ph.D., Mathematics, Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur, 1991; Instructor, University of New Orleans, 1977-80; Assistant Professor, Institut Supérieur Pédagogique de Bukavu, Zaire, 1980-82; Visiting Assistant Professor, St. Lawrence University, 1983-86; Assistant Professor, Manchester College, 1988-92; Tutor, St. John’s College, 1993–.

Julie Reahard
B.A., English, Michigan State University, 1980; M.A., Old Germanic Languages and Literatures, University of Nevada, Reno, 1983; Ph.D., Comparative Literature, University of Colorado, Boulder, 1991; Teaching fellow, Department of English, University of Nevada, Reno, 1981-83; Instructor, Department of English, University of Colorado, Boulder, 1987-88; Instructor, College of General Studies, University of Pennsylvania, 1988-89; Graduate Work, Literary Theory, University of Pennsylvania, 1988-91; Post Doctoral Research, History of Science, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1992-93; Associate Professor, English Department, Providence University, Shalu, Taiwan, 1996-98; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1993–.
Claudia Hauer

Caleb Thompson
Tufts University 1980-1982; B.A., Philosophy, Clark University, 1985; M.A., Philosophy, University of Virginia, 1990; Ph.D., Philosophy, University of Virginia, 1994; Postdoctoral Fellow, SUNY at Buffalo, 1994-96; Hourani Lecturer, SUNY at Buffalo, 1994-95; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1996–.

Michael D. Bybee
B.A., Philosophy, 1972, B.A., M.A., English, 1972, 1975, Idaho State University; educational therapist, Gateway Mental Health Center, Pocatello, Idaho, 1972-74; M.A., Ph.D., Philosophy, 1976, 1981, University of Hawaii; Assistant Professor of Philosophy, Idaho State University, 1982-84; Instructor of English, 1983-90, Senior Instructor of English, 1990-95, University of Oregon; Adjunct Assistant Professor of Rhetoric, San Diego State University, 1993-96; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1996–.

Judith I. Adam

Jacques Antoine Duvoisin
B.A., 1980, St. John’s College, Annapolis; M.A., 1984, Ph.D., 1992, The Catholic University of America; Knights of Columbus Fellow, 1984-84; Visiting Fellow, University of London, School for Advanced Studies, Institute of Philosophy, Fall 2009; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1997–.

Mark Rollins
A.B. Princeton University, 1977; M.A., Ph.D. in Philosophy, University of California, Berkeley, 1986, 1991; Teaching Fellow in Philosophy, University of California, Berkeley, 1978-83, and 1987; Teaching Fellow in the Core Curriculum, Harvard University, 1984-86, 1987, 1991-92, and 1995-97; Associate Research Professor, Instituto de Investigaciones Filosóficas, UNAM, Mexico City, 1988-91; Assistant Professor of Philosophy, American University in Bulgaria, 1992-95; Senior Analyst, education and family support policy, Abt Associates, Cambridge, MA, 1997-98; Adjunct Assistant Professor, Honors Seminar, Emerson College, Boston, MA., 1998; Visiting Professor, University of Florence, and Visiting Scholar, Institute and Museum of the History of Science, Florence, Italy, 2005-2006; Visiting Professor, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, 2012-2013; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1999–.

Richard A. McCombs, II
B.A., B.S., Fordham University, 1990; Loyola Fellow, Fordham University, 1990-92; M.A., Fordham University, 1992; Teaching Fellow, Fordham University, 1992-94; Instructor, Marist College, 1995. Tutor, Rose Hill College, 1996-98; Instructor, University of South Carolina, 1999; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1999–; Ph.D., Fordham University, 2000.

Edward A. Walpin

Michael E. Wolfe
B.A., 1994, St. John’s College, Santa Fe; Dupont Fellowship, 1994-95, President’s Fellowship, University of Virginia, 1994-97; M.A., History of Religions, University of Virginia, 1997; M.Div., Religion, Columbia University, 2008; Ph.D., Religion, Columbia University, 2016; Assistant Director of Admissions, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1997-99; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1999–.
Jan Arsenault
B.A., St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1982; M.A., University of Denver Counseling Psychology, 1985; Diploma in Analytical Psychology, C.G. Jung Institute of Santa Fe, 2006; Tutor, St. John’s College, 1996–; Assistant Dean, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2014-17.

David Carl
B.A., Philosophy, Pomona College, 1990; M.A., Philosophy, Claremont Graduate School, 1991; Ph.D., Comparative Literature, University of California at Davis, 2000; Lecturer in Philosophy, California State University San Bernardino, 1991-93; English Instructor, Wupertal, Germany, 1992; Philosophy and Religion Instructor, Diablo Valley College, 1993-95; Poet in Residence, Shakespeare and Company Bookstore, Paris, France, 1998; Comparative Literature Instructor, UC Davis, 1995-2000; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2000–; Assistant Dean, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2008-2010; Associate Dean of Graduate Programs, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2012-.

Michael Golluber
B.A., Liberal Arts, Sarah Lawrence College, 1988; M.A., Philosophy, State University of New York at Stony Brook, 1991; Ph.D., Philosophy, Tulane University, 1998; Instructor of Philosophy, southwestern University, 1996-98; Assistant Professor of Philosophy, Xavier University of Louisiana, 1998-2000; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2000–; Assistant Dean, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2017-.

Patricia M. Greer
B.A., College of Notre Dame of Maryland, 1966; M.A., Writing Seminars, Johns Hopkins University, 1967; Teaching Fellow, University of Southern California, 1968-69; M.A., St. John’s College, Annapolis, 1995; Ph.D., History of Religions, University of Virginia, 2002; Dupont Writing Fellowship, 2000-01; Adjunct Instructor, History of Asian Religions, University of Virginia, 1999; Visiting Lecturer, Sanskrit Épikes, Sweet Briar College, 1999; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2001-.

Jay Smith
B.A., St. John’s College, 1977; M.A., Philosophy, Marquette University, 1979; Ph.D., Philosophy, Fordham University, 2002; Environmental Protection Agency, 1986-89; Environmental Consultant, 1990-2000; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2001-.

Lise van Boxel
B.A. Honors, High Distinction, English Specialist and Political Science Major, Trinity College, The University of Toronto, 1992; M.A., High Distinction, Political Philosophy, Boston College, 1995; Ph.D., Political Philosophy, The University of Toronto, 2006; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2001-.

Kenneth B. Wolfe
B.A., St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1994; M.A., Latin, University of California at Berkeley, 1996; Ph.D., Classics, University of California at Berkeley, 2000; Visiting Assistant Professor in Classics and Humanities, Reed College, 2000-02; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2002–.

Philip Bartok
B.S., Physics, University of Connecticut, 1992; Physics Instructor, Denver Institute of Technology, 1995; M.A., Philosophy, University of Notre Dame, 2003; Ph.D., Philosophy, University of Notre Dame, 2003; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2003–.

Jonathan Hand
B.A., Government, Harvard University, 1981; Teacher, Colorado Springs School, 1984-86; Graduate Student, Political Science, Yale University, 1987-89; Visiting Student, École des Hautes Études en Sciences Sociales, Paris, 1994-95; Ph.D., Committee on Social Thought, University of Chicago, 2002; Lecturer in the College, University of Chicago, 1998-2002; Visiting Assistant Professor, Political Science, Furman University, 2002-03; Tutor, St. John’s College, 2003–.

Eric Poppele
University of Chicago, 1979-80; B.A., St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1989; M.S.E., Environmental Engineering, University of Michigan, 1991; Associate Engineer, Montgomery Watson, 1992-93; Environmental Engineer, Hinds Environmental, Inc., 1994-98; licensed Professional Engineer, New Mexico, 1997-; Ph.D., Civil Engineering, University of Minnesota, 2006; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2003–.
J. Walter Sterling IV  
M.A. Philosophy, Emory University, 1997; Philosophy  
Instructor, Loyola College in Maryland,  
1997-99; Philosophy Instructor, Gwynedd-Mercy  
College 1999-2000; Intellectual Heritage Instruc-  
tor, Temple University, 1999-2000; Adult Learning  
Instructor, Project H.O.M.E., Philadelphia, 2000-  
03; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2003–;  
Dean, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2011–2014.

T. Andrew Kingston  
A.B., English, Kenyon College, 1995; Ph.D.,  
Philosophy and Music, The University Professors  
Program, Boston University, 2003; Lecturer,  
English, Boston University, 2001-02; Visiting  
Instructor, Integrated Program in Humane Studies,  
Kenyon College, 2001-02; Adjunct Instructor, Jazz  
Piano, Kenyon College, 2001-02; Instructor,  
Writing Program, Boston University, 2002-03;  
The University Professor’s Program Post-Doctoral  
Fellow, Boston University, 2003-04; Instructor,  
Core Curriculum, Boston University, 2004-05;  
Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2005–.

Gregory W. Schneider  
B.A., Philosophy, University of Dallas, 1990; M.D.,  
University of Missouri-Columbia, 1995; Resident  
Physician, Family Medicine, University of  
Missouri–Columbia, 1995-98; M.L.A., Liberal  
Arts, Southern Methodist University, 2005;  
Certificate, UCLA Professional Program in  
Screenwriting, 2014; Assistant Professor of Family  
Medicine, Medical Ethics, and Literature and  
Medicine at the University of Texas Southwestern  
Medical School, 1998-2004; Tutor, St. John’s  
College, Santa Fe, 2005–.

Michael Ehrmantraut  
B.A., Political Theory and International Relations,  
Michigan State University; Ph.D. Political Science,  
Boston College, 2001; Bradley Foundation Post-  
doctoral Fellowship, Boston College, 2002,  
Visiting Scholar, Boston College, 2003-2004;  
Tutor, St. John’s College, 2005–.

Associate Dean of Graduate Programs  
David McDonald  
B.A., St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 1995; Graduate  
Research Assistant, Theoretical Biology &  
Biophysics, Los Alamos National Laboratory, 1995-  
96; Programmer, Santa Fe Institute, Santa Fe, NM,  
1996-98; Applications Developer, PE Informatics,  
Santa Fe, NM, 1998-99; Manager of Technical  
Services, Panorama Point Web Development, Santa  
Fe, NM, 1999-2001; Senior Technician, Theoretical  
Biology & Biophysics, Los Alamos National Labo-  
ratory, 2001-2007; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa  
Fe, 2005–; Associate Dean of Graduate Programs,  
St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2016–.

Alan Zeitlin  
B.A. English University of California, Davis 1979;  
summa cum laude, Phi Beta Kappa M.A. English  
(Creative Writing) University of California, Davis  
1985; J.D. University of California, Berkeley 1987;  
Visiting student Hebrew University 1988-89; Grad-  
uate student in Comparative Literature, University  
of California, Berkeley 1990-92; Ph.D. Classics  
University of California Berkeley 1998; Lecturer,  
University of California, Berkeley, Spring 1999;  
Visiting Assistant Professor, Emory University,  
1999-2000; Visiting Assistant Professor, Bard  
College, 2000-04; St. John’s College, 2005–.

Christine Chen  
B.A., magna cum laude, Wellesley College, Russian  
Studies, 1999; 1998-1999, Yale University M.A.,  
Harvard University, Regional Studies: Russia,  
Eastern Europe, Central Asia, 2001; Program  
Coordinator, Institute for Democracy in Eastern  
Europe, 2001-2002; Ph.D. candidate, Modern and  
Medieval Languages, Cambridge University, U.K.;  
Graduate tutor, departmental lecturer, Cambridge  
University, 2004-2006; Tutor, St. John’s College,  
2006.

Jack V. Wales, Jr.  
B.S., Mechanical Engineering, Stanford University,  
1968; Ranch Hand, 1969-1974; Graduate Study in  
Philosophy, University of Wisconsin-Green Bay,  
1975-1978; Laboratory Instructor, University of  
Wisconsin-Green Bay, 1975-1978; Mathematics  
Teacher, The Thacher School, Ojai, California,  
1978-2006; M.A., St. John’s College, Santa Fe,  
2000; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2007–.
Russell Winslow  
B.A., Literary Studies, University of Texas at Dallas, 1997; M.A., and Ph.D., 2006, Philosophy, Graduate Faculty of the New School for Social Research; Teaching fellow, Eugene Lang College, New York City, 2001-2005; Post-doctoral fellow at Fordham University College at Lincoln Center, 2006-2007; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2007–.

Topi Heikkerö  
M.Th., Theological Ethics and Philosophy of Religion, University of Helsinki, 2000; M.A., Theoretical Philosophy, University of Helsinki, 2005; Ph.D., Social Ethics, University of Helsinki, 2009; Researcher, Center for Social Ethics, University of Helsinki, 2002-2007; Visiting Scholar, Colorado School of Mines, 2003-2004; University Lecturer in Ethics, Department of Systematic Theology, University of Helsinki 2007; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2008–.

Llyd Ewan Wells  

Guillermo Bleichmar  
B.A., English Literature, Columbia University, 1997; Ph.D., Comparative Literature, Harvard University, 2007; Harvard University Teaching Fellow, 2001-2005; Tutor, St. John’s College, 2009–.

Erika Troseth Martinez  
B.A., English, Colby College 1995; Ph.D., Linguistics, The Graduate Center, City University of New York, 2009; Tutor, St. John’s College 2010–.

Natalie J. Elliot  
B.A. Honors, Political Science, 2002, and M.A., Political Science, 2004, University of Alberta; Ph.D., Political Science, University of North Texas, 2009; Teaching Fellow, Department of Political Science and Honors College, University of North Texas, 2009-2010; Visiting Assistant Professor of Political Science, Southern Methodist University, 2010-2011; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2011–.

Sarah Davis  

David Levy  
B.A., St. John’s College, Annapolis, 2003; M.A., Pennsylvania State University, 2005; Ph.D., Philosophy, Political Science, Boston College, 2010; Visiting Assistant Professor, Emory University, Department of Political Science, 2010-2012; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2012–.

Marsaura Shukla  
B.A., St. John’s College, Annapolis, 1993; M.Phil. in Theology, Fordham University, 2000; Ph.D. in Theology, University of Chicago, 2012; Martin Marty Fellow, 2006-07; Alma Wilson Fellow, 2007-08; William Rainey Harper Fellow, 2008-09; Lilly Teaching Fellow, 2010-11; Instructor, University of Chicago, 2006-2011; Tutor, St. John’s College, 2012–.

Raoni Padui  
B.A. Vassar College, 2003; M.A. Philosophy, Villanova University, 2005; Ph.D. Philosophy, Villanova University, 2012; Instructor, Villanova University, 2007-2011; Part-Time Faculty, University of New Mexico, Fall 2012; Tutor, St. John’s College, 2013–.
Allison Levy
B.A., Political Science, Boston College, 2006; M.A., Political Science, Boston College, 2008; Ph.D., Political Science, Boston College, 2015; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2015.

Meagan McGuinness
B.A., English/Creative Writing, Western Washington University, 2004; M.F.A., Creative Writing/Poetry, Texas State University, 2007; Ph.D., English, University of Oregon, 2012; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2015.

Nicholas Starr
BA, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2002; MA, Political Science, Boston College, 2007; PhD, Political Science, Boston College, 2013; Lecturer and Fellow, Program on Constitutionalism and Democracy, University of Virginia, 2012-2014; Post-Doctoral Fellow, Department of Political Science, Emory University, 2014-2015; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2016-present.

Ian Moore
BA, German, Music, and Philosophy, University of North Texas, 2010; Fulbright Scholar, Wuppertal, Germany, 2015-2016; Josephine de Karman Fellow, 2015-2016; Martin-Heidegger-Fellow, Meßkirch, Germany, 2016; PhD, Philosophy, DePaul University, 2016; Teaching Fellow, DePaul University, 2010-2016; Tutor, St. John’s College, Santa Fe, 2017-present.
FACULTY EMERITI

Deborah Axelrod
Gisela Berns
Katherine Boaz
David Bolotin
Nancy Buchenauer
Joseph Cohen
Geoffrey Comber
Don Cook
E. Ray Davis, Jr.
George Doskow
Charles Fasanaro
Howard J. Fisher
Glenn A. Freitas
R. Thomas Harris, Jr.
William Kerr
Georgia S. Knight
Samuel S. Kutler
Jon Lenkowski
Nicholas Maistrellis
Charlotte Gray Martin
Chanan Maschler
Basia Miller
Victoria Mora
Lynda Lamson Myers
Roger S. Peterson
Robert Richardson
Joe Sachs
Robert D. Sacks
Thomas Scally
Thomas King Simpson
Elliott Skinner
Thomas J. Slakey
Edward Grant Sparrow
Susan Stuckney
Kent Taylor
Jonathan Tuck
Stewart Umphrey
Hans von Briesen
Robert Williamson
Stephen R. Van Luchene
Edward Malcolm Wyatt
Elliott Zuckerman

OFFICERS, ASSOCIATES & STAFF

ANAPOLIS

President
Panayiotis Kanelos
Dean
Joseph Macfarland
Vice President for Development and Alumni Relations
Laurie Reinhardt
Associate Dean of Graduate Programs
Emily H. Brooker Langston
Assistant Dean
Nathan Dugan
Director of Admissions
Benjamin Baum
Director of Leadership Annual Gifts
Leo Pickens
Athletic and Recreation Director
Christopher Krueger
Director of Career Services
Jaime Dunn
Director of Financial Aid
Steven Bell
Library Director
Catherine M. Dixon
Registrar
Melissa Steiner
Director of Student Health
Nancy Calabrese
Director of Labs
Mark Dady

SANTA FE

President
Mark Roosevelt
Dean
Matthew Davis
Vice President for Development and Alumni Relations
Phelosha Collaros
Associate Dean of Graduate Programs
David McDonald
Assistant Dean
Michael Golluber
Director of Admissions
Yvette Sobky Shaffer
Director of Career Services
Margaret E. Odell
Director of Financial Aid
Michael Rodriguez
Library Director
Jennifer Sprague
Registrar
Marline Marquez Scally
Director of Student Health
Maureen Small
Director of Human Resources
Aaron Young
Director of Labs
Eric Poppele

HONORARY FELLOWS

Sharon Bishop
Ray Cave
Stephen Feinberg
Ronald Fielding
Warren Winiarski
### ANNAPOlis
#### Admissions Office
St. John’s College
60 College Avenue
Annapolis, MD 21401
800-727-9238
Fax: 410-269-7916
annapolis.admissions@sjc.edu

#### Financial Aid Office
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60 College Avenue
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### SANTA FE
#### Admissions Office
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---

### Annual Expenses

#### 2017–2018 UNDERGRADUATE STUDENT BUDGET

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>ANNAPOlis</th>
<th>SANTA FE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tuition</td>
<td>$51,200</td>
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<tr>
<td>Room &amp; Board(^1)</td>
<td>$11,486 - $12,234</td>
<td>$11,798 - $12,234</td>
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<td>(Per semester: $5,743 - $6,117)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Activities Fee</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health Insurance (mandatory)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Annapolis</td>
<td>$1,798/Domestic (refundable with waiver), International (mandatory)</td>
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<td>Santa Fe(^2)</td>
<td>$1,659 International (mandatory)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health Office Fee (Santa Fe, mandatory)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tuition Insurance (optional)</td>
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<td>Santa Fe Book Fee (mandatory)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annapolis Manual Fee (mandatory)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduation Fee (graduating seniors only)</td>
<td>$100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) Contact your campus for specific options.

\(^2\) Santa Fe does not provide health insurance for domestic students. Santa Fe students must provide proof of health insurance through their own plan.

A typical student budget would include about $400 for personal expenses, and costs of transportation. The college also charges deposits for registrations and rooms. See each campus’ business offices for details.

### Financial Aid

#### ANNAPOlis

#### Financial Aid Office
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#### SANTA FE

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For detailed, helpful, and the most current information about admissions and financial aid policies, procedures, and deadlines, please visit www.sjc.edu.

Also, do not hesitate to call our Admissions Offices to speak to an Admissions Counselor for questions about admissions and financial aid.
“The Statement of the St. John’s Program and the provisions contained in the Statement are not and may not be regarded as an express or implied contract between any person (including any current or perspective student, faculty or staff member) and the College. The Statement is for general informational purposes only. The College reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to change any provision of the Statement, including the program requirements, courses, fees, schedules, deadlines, calendars, and any other information contained within the Statement, without notice.”